RADIO TOWER

one year old

On the 10th of September, the station celebrated her first anniversary. The station was for the first time on air in June of 1988 with test programs on both 41 and 44 meters. After having contacted fellow stations in England the frequency was changed in 6240 kg in the 48 meter hand.

On the 11th of September that year, it all started and the program line-up included a German Service hosted by

relay of stations and for tests in the 31 and 19 meter hand.

Tom Clay, a Mailbag program brought by Pim v.d. Horst and a Dxprogram by Peter de Jong, The regular programs were aired every second Sunday and started at ten Central European Time. This lasted till the end of the year and the reactions were outstanding with reports

from all around Europe. During the first two months of 1989 the transmitter was used for the

April saw the return of Tower with, what should had been, regular programs. That month the first Swedish program was aired on 48 meters but due to some audio problems not much of the program could be heard. In June everything was of a better quality and that day the Swedish program could be heard in full. That same day the first special was aired about the Dutch group the Golden Earring who celebrated her 26st birthday. September the 10th it was time to celebrate Tower's first year on air and this was done in German, English and Swedish. Because of the special day a program by Peter de Jong and Pim v.d. Horst was aired with a lot of info about Caroline, the station itselve and

also a competition held. In future the stations hopes to reach more listeners and has therefor changed it's frequency to 9912 kg in the 31 meter band.

Peter de Jong wishes to thank his mum also Tom, Carl, Pim, Karen, Peter Verbrussen and all the listeners for the past year



HE masaz...e for free radio enthusiasts

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28 PAGES OF FREE RADIO INFORMATION INCLUDING

- DETAILED REPPORT ROSS REVENGE RAID
- COMMUNICATOR & NANNELL LATEST ATLANTIC 252: THE LONG WAVE GIANT
- COMPREHENSIVE SHORT WAVE COLUMN

F.R.S. GOES DX (150)

'FRS GOES BY' is a monthly nadio magazine which informs about radio in ceneral and tree radio in particular-"FRS GOES DX" is a mullication of the Free Radio Service Halland, on independeal shoet wave station, Econoposting to Europe sance August 1980.

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6x 75ct Dutch stumps/ £ 1.00 cash on st. CORRESPONDENCE-ADDRESS

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Ins far insports. Inno tex Zee. COPY of newelfeatures etc. from 'FRS GOES OK' so only possible by permission of the editor and with mention of the

> NEXT EDITION well be published: casta November DEADLINE CONTRIBUTIONS (Oct. 25th

EDITORIAL?

With Lunical outside, I'm toping double insue. The to.

several reasons, strictly private, it was empossible to keep to the planned date Leinn Sent. 22nd. Our sincere nonfonies. What we have taked to do in to inform you with the most impostant honornings of the past 2 months, That implicates and all the news is as unstandate as ous Summes Haliday Escak. I guess most of you will have some understandness for this situation. The August raid on the Ross Revenge is already past. Nevertheless we've decided to inform you as detailed as somether. The whole story has been sorted out and compiled and it differs from most other magazines because it's tonges and more detailed. Penhave some new facts will be need by you. Due to the very commensuive offshore section, a few other stories will be authinhed in next month's edition. Ton instance the Rodio 270 Story, Dusing the nest day weeks we experienced some oneflows with exchanging foreign cheapes at our local bank, Especially UK cheques mean we have to now high couts for er-

changing the cheques, even nose than 15% Best for English readers is to send us an Int. Maneyarder on to pay with an 40entled Eurocheaus, But it must be litted in in Dutch quiddens (MTL). Doing this means less problems for us! So please hele us, listcone to thode sending this manazine for the very first time. Because se AUK's 'Weekly Report' and 'RadioTelet' neen't suffished onweave, mits seen UK and German radio enthuseasts have unlitted to us asking for a sample coas. To all

of your enjoy reading this injust!!! CONTENTS page 3.....FRS Newconnet same 4-13.....Raid on Ross Revenge (1)

page 14-16.... Road on Ross Remence (2) page 16-18.... Ollshore News General page 19-25 ... Short Have Survey page 25-27.... Atlantic 252 page 28...... Tower Radio

«FRS NewscorneR»

What has baspened with FRS-Holland in the east few months? I'm sure a lot of you are curious to have an answer on that particular question. Originally it was planned to have a Summerholiday break in July. In August FRSH would return to the airwayes with new lineles etc. To introduce these changes in Amoun was not tust any choice: August would be the celebration of our 9th Birtday, However; already soon it became clear that it was impossible to have everhing worked out before the end of August, As a result it was decided to stay off the air as long as our place weren't finished. In the meantime a lot of preparations have been done and step by step our plans become reality. Jingles are nearly finished. Also new up-to-date promps for the magazine and FRS Sales Productions. Programme wase a few new ideas wall be introduced but cenerally speaking the FRSH formar won't change too such. Never Change a winning team... Anyway, give it a try on the 3rd Sunday in November on 7310 hHz. Looking at the north of December, it's almost certain there'll be a lengthy (5 or 6 hour) X-Mas broadcast on 41 metres. More info about I-Mas in the November transmission Sasically the idea will be the same as in the mast: listeners will be invited to perticipate in our pag by sending I-Mag Greetings and New Year's Greetings. Hopefully there will be more people par-

tipating compared with 1988. As you may remember our last tru took place June 25th (on 7310 %c). Because we didn't receive that many reports from British DX-ers we contacted AUK. It was a councident that they didn't publish details about the SW scene on that particular Sunday in their 'Weekly Report' (because of lack of space). But Barry was so kind to send us the details about that particular Sunday. We were very curious how the 7310 signal had

been in compare with other stations on Sun 25th of June. Here are a few nuorations: "The best by far was cent neighbour (BBC WS) for volusienal level was wer. And FRSH

was by far the best signal today'. This last doubts by those thinking our signal isn't satisfactory !! What I'w Ervine to say in that the choice of a 41 nb frequency was a cond one. FRSH will continue on 41 setres in the future.

* RADIO VERONICA WAS THE FIRST OFFSHORE RADIO STATION IN WESTERN ELROPE. SHE RILLED THE AIR-WHITE IN THE NETHER AND TOD A DEDICE OF 14 YEARS. THE EXCITING LIFE OF RADIO WERNICA IS TO BE SEEN ON AN IMPRESSIVE VIDEO CALLED THE VERONICA HISTORY". 141 MINUTES VERONICA. THE EARLY DAYS, THE STUDIOS ON LAND, THE SHIP. STORMS, FREQUENCY-CHANGE, THE END AS AN OFFSHORE STATION. THE RETURN AS A REPARCASTING SOCIETY.

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DUNDS FROM OFFSHOR

THE theme of this month's offshore report of course is the raid on the radioship MV Ross Revenge on Saturday August 19th 1989. A black day in the history of Offshore Radio and particularly a black day in Caroline's 25 year period of broadcasting from the high and FREE waters of the Northsen. Ironically it was almost exactly 6 years ago (at the day of the raid) when Caroline recommenced transmissions from a new ship called the Ross Revenue..... Remember Saturday August 20th 1983 when a powerful 963 signal, eminating from the loss, marked a new era in Caroline's broadcasting history. August remains a very special month in the history of offshore radio. August 14th, August 19th, August 20th and August 31sr (1967, 1983, 1989 and 1974). The now following report has been conpiled with the help of a number of persons. Without their help I would not have been able to do this clast ich. Although our report is not as up-to-date as a number of reports in other free radio publications (because August was our holiday-month), I'm pretty sure most of you will be satisfied with the given information as it is very comprehensive and will reveal facts you haven't read in other reports. Fact is some of the informations we've been recetvine from our reporters are different from each other, in other

words: the one is inconsistent with the other. As we want to be NO ludge, we've decided to publish both reports. You may draw your personal conclusion. We've also published am official Caroline press bulletin, a number of news reports from different European news agencies, All in all a very detailed and comprehensive report We are curious about your comments. Let us know what your oningon is and send it to our new and official address: FRSH, c/e 'FRS Goes DX', P.O.Box 2727, 6049 XP Herten, The Netherlands. One final remarks the report has been compiled as much as possible

Wednesday August 16th 1989

Presides in a number of European countries are raided. A number of persons are arrested, several others are interviewed. A total of 27 addressess in The Notherlands and Belgium are raided (20 Dutch and 7 Belgian premises). The Dutch State Police is acting by the public prosecutor's order. It is clear the action has been carefully prepared. And these preparetions didn't start a few weeks before the actual raids; nonths, many months preceding the raids were used to prepare the whole action in detail. The public prosecutor in Amsterdam acted, on his turn, by the Ministry of Transport and Public Works' order, as you understand most of the actions took place in The Netherlands. The authorities were willing to lay open the activities of Radio 819. Several persons, in one way or another involved with Radio 819, were 'visited' to collect solid evidence of their involvements, Mans W., husband of Rin Valk (the latter presented a taped show on Radio 819 on weekdays) and living in Loosdrecht, was one of the first persons who got a visit, Also the sudios of Crown Music Media were visited by the Dutch State Police. In these studios all the syndicated taped 819 pxs were recorded. But that wasn't illegal: the shows are broadcasted on a number of Belgian FM stations and on Europeort Radio in Rotterdam. No station name is mentioned on the tapes. The fact these tapes are also played on Radio 819 is a so-called coincident and the presenters can't be blazed for this. As long as they do not

« FAS GOE OX "THE MAGAZINE FOR FREE RADIO ENTHUSIAS

mention the name Radio 819 in their shows, they can't he blaned for anything illegal. In Rotterdam the building of Radio Europoort was raided. Nico F. was interviewed as he is thought to be one of the key-figures in the Radio 819 organisation. A number of programme-tapes were confiscated; these tapes were already pre-recorded as part of Crown Music Media's syndicated cassette service. The reason for confiscating the tapes was they contained programmes which were also part of Radio 819's programming. No people were arrested in the Europeort Radio building. It was however clear that within not too long a number of main suspects (4) were going to be arrested. A spokesman of Justice declared that the house of a former Radio Monique key-figure had been investigated because he was thought to be involved in Radio 819. Evangelist Johan Mansbach got a wisit at his offices in The Hague just like the one behind World Mission Radio 6215. Once scann: The authorities were willing to make am end on Radio 819's offshore activities. The Dutch authorities were co-operating with Belgium and England, Resson was the complaints which came from Hungaria, Sweden, France and England about interference on maririse distress frequencies. Do they mean Radio 819 was causing anterference or do they point at NMR on SW 6215 ? They must be 10king when they class that there is interference caused by a tx which was operating with a power of less than 3 kH ... This tx was hardly to be heard in large areas of The Netherlands because of the weakness of its signal. Back to Hans W.: he denied any involwement in the Crown Music Media business. Incidentally he was sending prizes, won by listeners of the syndicated CMM's programmes. Anyway, the police took a list with names and adressess of listemers with them. Mr. Dijkstra, member of the Management of Telecom and Post, was in charge of the whole investigation. Mr. Mijnsen, spokesman of Justice, said the Dutch government wouldn't take any action against the radioship Ross Revenge because they didn't

went to make the same mistake as in 1980 (Radio Paradise/ Masda The raids in Belgium were announced at a prenature stage. Therefore a number of persons were able to make a clean sweep before the arrival of Relains BOR officers. One supplier sot a visit as well as people involved in the Nannell project (?), Or should we call it the Mi Amigo project? The latter raids indicates that the authorities were well-informed about the newest developments in the world of offshore. The owner of TekasTobacco Products was interviewed and the whole administration was confiscated. As you will know. Texas commercials were often played on Radio 819.

Thursday August 17th

The Dutch national newspaper 'Het Algemeen Dagblad' was the farst with the news about the raids the pravious day. Europeort Radio mentioned in its newsreport that morning that they had nothing to do with Endio 819. Romald Coone (alian Ros West on Radio Monique). chairman of the station, declared by means of an official statement that all was due to a masunderstanding and that Europoort Radio is only purchasing a number of Crown Music Media consetter which are broadcasted via their outlet. The same is done by several Belgian stations. By the way: Europoort Radio is a fully legalized Dutch local radiostation, Ger Lasmens (alias Gert van der Zee on Radio Monique) is interviewed on Radio

Maria).

Rinmond and declares that he has nothing to do with any offshore attaion. Radio Rijnmond is a regional station for the Rotterdon area. Ger Lammens is working for Crown Music Media and his tape was alred on Saturdays on Radio 819 (09.00- 11.00). From England comes the news that raids in this country can also be expected. A spokesman of Crown Music Media reports that necotistions with the Ministry of Justice are underway to get the legal programme tapes back. Ris Valk and Krijn Torrings (both on Radio 819 during weekdays) are continuing to tape shows for the several local stations on FM in Belgium, 'Stade TV Rotterdam' pays attention to the raids in its newsraports that evening. An interview with Ger Lammens, pactures of Europeort Radio, photos of the Roas Revenge and two letters with accusations about Europoort Radio's connection with Radio 819 are shown. In one the letters it is mentioned that Colin Peters, working on Europourt R., was also working on the Ross Revenge at a time he alreedy was on Europeort Radio. It is not known who was the sender of the letter It could be the Local Broadcasting Corporation Rotterdam. A boat of the British coastgward is in the vincinity of the Ross Revenge. The decisy on duty reports that the crew of constguard boot have asked to come aboard the Ross. However, this was refused by the crew on the Ross R. By the way: this was reported at 23.15

Friday August 18th

CEST

Early in the norming Radio 819, WMR and Caroline 558 resume transmissions. A DTI vessel with officials of the Department of Trade and Industry and a representative of the Dutch authorities drops anchor in the vincinity of the Ross Revenge. The crew abourd the Ross was told that all staff on land had been arrested and were in prison. They wanted 819 & 6215 to go off the air. The crew was asked to leave the Ross Revenge, otherwise 'something' would be happening the next day at mid.day. On Radio 819 the toped show 'Coffee Time' was interrupted by Arie Swets, the only Dutch deeisy aboard the Ross Revenge (there was also a Butch cook on the Rose) who was continuously playing the record 'Ring, ring' by Abb. till 12.00 CEST. Reason to believe he was trying to make the orgeniantion on land clear that they had to contact him. Setween 12,00 and 13,20 CEST 819 continued with its normal programming followed by silence between 13,20 and 13,30. Them suddenly Ceroli ne 558 took over the programming on 819. It was Arie Swets who said goodbye to the 819 listeners at 13.38 CEST, His explanation was that there had developed a major technical defect in the studie of Radio 819. Therefore it was impossible to continue the Radio 819 programming. For the rest of that Friday Caroline was to be heard on 819. The first sign of problems via the 558 outlet were noted at 11,40 CEST when Chris Kennedy took over from programme controller Nigel Harris, 10 minutes later, at 11.50, three special' records were played on 558: 'Imagine', 'Lady in red' and a Loving Awareness track. These 3 records were played in a row and it was obvious something was wrong. The reason why Nigel Harris only presented his slot for a brief period and why Radio 819 had gone off air was revealed at the 14,00 CEST news bulletis. Dave Asher read the following: " And finally, the nudiciple Rose Revenge, unchosed in the Int. waters of the Northsea, was approached at 09.15 AM (=10.15 CEST) this magning by a year

officials of the BTI. Also on loand was a representative of the Datch radio authorities. They stated that internationot action was been taken to sideace the beaudousts emonation from the Ross Revenue. Pennission to Louid the sudio ship for discussions on the future of the ship and its crew, was refused to the Castain. Nowever talks took slace and negotiations are con-Linuing, We'll keep you informed as events occur. There's more

news thes afternoon at four o'clock. Further news was read out at 17,00 and 19,00 CEST but no new developments took place. In the course of that Friday August 18th the SV reasonables was switched off Caroline continued on 558 & 819. At 19.30 CEST Viewpoint 819 programmes were started. Later on that evening Caroline resumed broadcasts on 819 till 04.00 CEST. It was Colin Musslibar who resorted at upprox, 23,00 CEST that the DTI ship got company from a Dutch ship called the "Volans". This ship belones to the Butch Department of Waterways and Public Works Home base of the Volume is Scheveningen, a Butch geaport closely connected to the Dutch offshore stations in the 60's and 70's. It was the Volens which was brought into ection when the RNI ship Meho II caught fire because of a book attack in Nav 1971. On board the Volume there were officials of the Dutch State Police and the RCD (responsible for tracking down illegal radio stations in The Netherlands). Peter Chicago who was on land that Friday, heard of

the hannenings and went to the Ross Savence (single-handed)) on

Friday night. Saturday Assust 19th

Early in the morning, at 05,00 CEST, Radio 819 re-commences tres. Eddy the cook talls the listeners that the studioproblems have been solved. The only Dutch newspeper paying attention to the raids three days earlier in 'De Zwolsche Courant' (a regional navapapar). The paper writes that the actions, carried out by the Dutch authorities, were (are) meant to finish off Radio 819's transmissions but also to out off a number of new offshore prosects. The Dutch authorities had taken notice of runours about 2 or even 3 new offshore projects, all in an advanced phase. In the newenance renors Mr. Milagen (spokesson of Justice) sata: "We have sevened a moint that we must take action appared these stations, especially because we have received complaints from Sweden, Hungaria and England about interferences on maritime distress frequen -cies. The action is also cannied out to discourage the others." Ofcourse he soints at the Communicator and the Nannell (PV), Back to sea. At approx. 10.00 CEST another attempt as made to get the crew from the Rogs off the radioship through a series of lies. If as course obvious the authorities are trying to intimidate the crew on the Ross. Call it a war of nerves ... Radio 819 continued with its normal programmes although at 11,00 a tape was played usually not to be heard on Saturdays. At 13.00 CEST started a repeat of the Texas American Top 40. Listening to Caroline 558 gave the impression things were normal. Only Caroline Martin played a faw so-called 'meanineful' records late in the norming, After mid-day things became more serious. On board the Ross they sirendy X knew that there would be an attempt to board the ship. Listeners were asked to call the coastguard. At 13.40 CEST the Ross Revenwe was boarded. In the mean time (after 13.00 CEST) the 558 signal was also to be heard via the 819 outlet. Several

dv

Caroline deepays were in the studio, itwing a liverreport of which was going on. Several times the Caroline time was played but also other "special" records such as "All The Since instances were very demantic. As the officials and not immediately awitch off the two AM transmitters but were first call the interner, what was going on . I few things said by the

crew on board the Ross Revenge: Bruce Monroe: Representatives of the Dutch government have just loaded the Ross Revenge at the moment, One of the people that has come abound has deen visitent towards our engineer. We haven't

got a clae what's going on at the moment." Chris Kennedy: All we can say is these gugs are definately not

Assa 12 Take motopyanha.

Byee Memore: No, and at the moment we have the DTI signifing by all the Take in the Assa and at the moment we have the DTI signifing by all the Take in the Assa and the stage, appearing to the angularies which no not they are going to allow this tehaurous. As I say, these has been some undernes, and all the DTI the Assa and the University of the Assa and the Assa and

After 1.00 CEST it became clear it was only a matter of nameter Corolina Martin. Show Editoring on themse female was the State States, Afterdy latering are done insensed wavele by fore preference to the state of the state of the state of the state of the three laters who also spokes with a few of fitchin a spinishing him table? a very said applicate this stitution over the aircream; when a very said application the stitution over the aircream; and the state of the state part field are those one free to predat to retired until these state part field are those one free to predat to retired until the state part field are those one free to predat on the state of the state part field are those one free to predat on the state of a state of the state of topical and other would be no absence para-

would you like to ong anything air Enforce we go off...... And then there was silence on both 558 & 819.

freceted were several

Giving you more info about what happened during the raid on the ship: Peter Chicago was asked to show the ship's papers including the registration of the shap (under which colour the Ross Revenge was sailing). When Peter couldn't hand them the papers, an official climbed on board. Peter didn't allow him on the Ross and he kicked the official. A few moments later Peter was hit by an official. One of the crewmembers willing to help Peter Chicago was threatened by a State Police man who shouted: "I'll shoot your fuckin' head off." Apart from the Dutch officials (approx. 8 men) there were also 2 British DTI officials on the Ross Revenue: Jim Murphy and a cettain Mr. Smith. These two threatened the Caroline crew with arrest if they did not answer the questions. All persons were interviewed by the DTI. Vital parts of the three transmitter were removed, for instance the PA valves and PA amplifiers. All studios were dismantled: record decks, tape- and cassette machi-Bog. Bixing deaks, timple machines, tames, timple carryidges are And not to forget the whole record collection containing thousands and thousands albums and singles. Nothing is left from the impressive Caroline record collection, Also con-

Parito 819 programma

tapes, Viewpoint 819 tapes and NMR tapes. The big generator was unfounded as the officials thought it was the ship's generator. It seems that brandsev high tension seasure-

mentingtrapents haven't been confiscated because they were standing behind one the transmitters. These instruments was siready on the ship for the installation of a new neverful (20 kW27) tv. already ordered in the USA by Continental Electronics. New insulators which were meant for the new aerial masts have been seriously damaged by the Dutch officials. The serial wires were removed but more important to know is that the new serial towers were untouched. So it won't be too difficult to hang up new wares. Several rumours say that there has been talk of taking the Rosa Revenge to the harbour of Rotterdam. If this is true cannot be confirmed. Fact is that during the Saturday afternoon a ship with press paolple sailed to the Ross Revence. At that moment the DYI summoned the Dutch to cease their action, 'Enough is enough'. A DTI spokesman declared that DTI officials were soing aboard the radioship because there was violence and because the Dutch officials were too rude: they didn't keep their appointments, made with the DTI before boarding the Ross Revenge. At last the interviews were stopped. There was much interest if the side of the press and this could have had influence on the course of the events on the Ross Revence. All persons questioned had to identify themselves; names, date of birth atc. were noted. It is unwhether this will have any consequences for the future. Time will tell. At the time of the raid a reporter did have radiocontact with the Rosa Revenue and talked with one of the Dutch RCD people. The reporter told the RCD man that the British had been claiming that the BTI would not play an active role in the raid. Answer from the RCD officer: "And what for the hell so you think they are doing on board the ship?" The fact a ship with press people appeared at the South Falls Head might have been of vital importance for the Ross Revenue as a ship. There were plans to tow her to a port but this plan was cancelled. Were the officers afraid of too such media interest? In no time the media were informed about the happenings on the Northsea. When the Landward, the DTI ship, arrived in the harbour of Ramsgate, it was searched by courses officers. The Caroline organisation had exerted pressure to find out whether the Landward was having any equipment on board coming from the Ross Revenue. It appeared mothing was to be found on the Landward leaving no other conclusion that the Dutch officers were fully responsible for all the happenings earlier that day. All confiscated equipment indeed was on the Volume: 30 cubic metres of squipment... (including the optimod- forgotten to mention earlier in this report!). It seems Caroline people have been making wideo recordings during the raid. The Detch officers stayed for a rather long period on board the Ross Revenue. The Volume left with the two Dutch persons who were on the Rose at the time of the action: Arie Swets and Eddie the cook. The DTI ship left with two Caroline deejays: Tony Kirk and Bruce Monroe made this decision on personal grounds. Buring the Saturday evening there were special newsitons on radio & television. The Dutch 8 PM TV news, watched by millions of people, spent a special item on the read including old pictures and an 'off air' recording of wher was to be heard on 558 & 819 earlier that afternoon. Christ Kennedy's words were heard by millions of people in The Netherlands. The Freewave editorial staff informed the

dx

Dutch and Belgian media with accurate information with regard to the raid. More than 50 local 4 regional seations which as well as a bloom of mespapers made use of the raid of the raid of the region of the raid of the raid had a telephone interview with the head of the 'Oppopringations' Clanications Zenders', Nr. Sijkstra in the NGS programs Met het Dutch matican! A matterface, Myre than 3 material of this popular

programme were spent on the raid. Sunday August 20th The Volume returns from its Northsea trip and enters Scheveningen harbour at 07.10 CEST, On board several officers, the two 619 persons and last but not least 30 cubic merres of equipment configcated on the Rosa Revenge the day before. Interviewed was Arie Swets by the Dutch television (NOS). This interview wasn't shown or TV. A 2 min. TV report was brought on the NOS Sunday evening news. Looking at all the equipment, belonging to Caroline and Radio 819, you'll get a lump in your throat. In British Sunday papers only little reports about the Caroline raid, All in all British sedia have been giving very little coverage on the sad events on the Forthsee, Stronge... Much more attention was noted to Caroline when the 25th anniversary was celebrated, earlier this year. Johnny Lewis, once one of caroline's top deepays, declared he was frightened the same would happen when Caroline would return on the airwaves, Could be true but on the other hand; there are enough veggons to believe a second raid won't happen. It becomes clear that Caroline has been doing several attempts to get an answer from the DTI about the alleged complaints of interfering with other radio-services. The DTI didn't answer a single time... A shame!! A British reporter talked to Peter Chicago who declared that Caroline would surely return to the sirwayes. "We don't give up. We are convinced that we have to return in a strong way. That's the only way to win a victory. We don't expect a second raid, but in case it will happen we know what is in store for us. Although we won't be violent, we shall offer resistance." Roman O'Rabilly announced to take the kingdom of The Netherlands to the International Court in De Happe The same will apply to the individuals involved in the reid. The Radio 819 organisation said that the raid took place a week too early since it was already decided to close down Radio 819 for good. It had become a too expensive hobby for the financers of the project. In the mean time several explanations were given, According to Justice the action had been taken because of several complaints in the past 12 months. The complaints were relating to Radi 819 interfering with naritime frequencies. The same countries were mentioned as earlier to be read in this story. What has Hungaria to do with maritime frequencies ??? Dutch teletext mantioned the fact the Ross Revenge would be towed into Dutch territirial waters and that the antenna towers would be pulled down. Nonsense. Only the antenna wares have been taken down, not the masts. The Ross is still at her anchorage in the South Falls Head, Roman O'Rabilly reacts, as a result of the DTI's statement that they had nothing to do with the raid - there was only a DTI ship to observe everythingthat this horrible action of the British government looked like 'the case of Nuraberg'. In other words; we don't know anything. Mr. Dijkstra said that the Ross Revenge wasn't registered in

If no Dutchmen would have been on the Ross, the Dutch action would have been illegal. Dijkstra thought (and perhaps still thinks) this would be the defenit end for offshore radio. The errival of two new offshore radio stations slue had

radio. The arrivel of two new offshore radio stattoms also had great influence on the authorities' declain to raid the Ross Rewange, Dijects suid. The action wasn't aimed at Caroline; Caroline was resulted to the control of the control of the control of the caroline of the fitting authorities.

venge, Blyksts said. "The action wass't alsed at Caroline; Caroline is a case for the British authorities." The Radio Caroline press office issued the following statement to-

"Vestendow a voist action was taken by Dutch and Dartish authorsties against the Ross Revenue in the INL, waters of the Worth Sea. The radio ship was bounded by a force of 30 armed Butch and Britech officials. Two crew members were beaten up during the bounding and case members and radio staff including two young women designs were man handled on threatened. In a statement the Canadian directons of Radio Caroline said that they were 'shocked and horselied at this act of pinacy'. They said that haveny taken ungent legal advice they would be bringing charges of piracy usualt and crimiand domine appears the authorities and appears the individuals concerned. Shoutly after the news of the violence on found the Ross Revence the British DTI issued a statement claiming that no British officials were involved in the Counding and that UK officials were in another vessel keeping sanveillance. Journalists who went to the scene vesterday move to a DTI official who identified himself as AR. Lim Ausphy, whilst he was on board the Ross Revenwe and was interogating the crew. Photographs were also taken and are available. The Datch raiders, all of whom carried fire arms, entered into a franco of destruction, snashing with stade hommers anothing in sight which they could not easily remove. They were also drinking heavily and left behind a large number of bottles which have now feen removed from the ship. The Radio Caroline leand admisses one houses these fattles tested for finger saidly for one in the foothcoming level action to be taken against both the Botch and Bestish authorities and against the individuals involved. It is expected that on Tuesday the first notices of action will be served. Both the Dutch and British authorities have denied any ase of violence, which is contradicted by a report from a doctoo who was immediately sent out to tend the invased cies. Photoenachic and video evidence exists of the wholesafe damage created during the said, Despite official Dailish and Dutch statements to the contrary. A radio spokesman from Caroline 'It seems that this whole episode got out of control at an early stage and the naiding conties went tement. We are contacularly shocked at the fact that the armed officials were heavily dainking, It weems that both the British and Datch governments are now involved in a 'deniability excencise'. A journalist managed to contact the Ross Revenge whilst the said was voing on. When he asked a Dutch official about disting denials of involvement, heavely reported in yester-

offered backeted descales of ampediaments, has not assessed in patches, they are here on the test and '. The journalist then appeal to speech to one of the hearts have been been to be a proof to one of the hearts have been for the absentable of the contract of the contract of the hearts have been about the test and the same proof to the test and the heart proof to the contract of the contract of

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they would be endangering the lifes of the crew and other markers of the ship was left without electrical supplies. One generator was thoughly smutch thouse or The crew member also confirmed that violence had been used during the locating and the suite total with the ship the through

Monday August 21st

Meat Dutch sweepspore pay a lat of attention to the road. The many office AIP. Also photographs having the configuration of the first published. Only over a waveapsers and out into the tax search published. Only over the many office AIP. Also provided the control of the search published on the control of the search has not published to control outcome before the search published paper called TRC. Heavy of the control of th

Tuesday August 22nd

"An Internal" page one sught extension to the raid on the Beam Amenga, Afterwards in tenses toler the action one already planed properties used: a scale of the second properties and it available as the responsible back nations to a properties used: a scale of the responsible back nations to the toler of the second properties of the second properties are present to arrange from Planily became in which the back the second to arrange from the properties of the second properties of the caffeed to arrange of Planily Break the action. The refused to arrange of Planily Break and the second of the caffeed to arrange of Planily Break and the second of the caffeed to arrange of Planily Break and the plane are the second of the second plane and the caffeed to arrange of the second plane are caffeed to arrange of the second of the second plane are caffeed to arrange of the second plane are caffeed to a second plane and caffeed to a second plane are caffeed to a second plan

Wednesday August 23rd

The Careline organisation bopes the back within a limited priod A low powerful resulter will be used and it seems Careline in a A low powerful resulter will be used and it seems Careline in a possible (we've get plant) of competitors.). In the mean time a possible (we've get plant) of competitors.) In the mean time a compare of the competitors will be used to b

Thorsday August 24th

Radio Netherland's famous and popular DX-Show 'Media Network' pays

dx

Friday August 25th

The key figures behave Indio 310 inclose why they were remains Bado 310, how behave they are become of the energy policity and how idint it is they are treated like criminal with the control of the con

FVALUATION

Still a lot of questions have remained unanswered. For instance: what was the main reason for the raid ? All kinds of contradictory explanations have been heard. It could be true that the Dutch language service Radio 819 was the main reason for the raid. Remember the Dutch authorities had prepared the whole action, not the British. It seems quite logical the Dutch were mainly interesred in closure down Radio 819, Amother, perhaps less important reason, was World Mission Radio. Although the station has an offi cast US address, the key figure behind this SW operation was to be found in The Netherlands and certainly not in the US...!! The talks about interferences from the Radio 819 tx can't be taken serious: with such a low power you can't interfere with other countries because such a relatively weak signal can't be received that far, WMR is a totally different story, 6215 wasn't the best choice since it is a so-called secondary distress channel. Isn't it striking that only very, very few short wave pirates have used 6215 since the early 1970's ? Only ONE station has been using 6215 more or less regurlarly: the Free Radio Broadcasting Compamy, am UK based station being active in the second half of the 1970's. For the rest stations only have been using 6215 incidentally. Why? The enswer must be clear. There were enough better. anger solutions within the 49/48 MB. It was a matter of another I-tal... Which reasons made this action 'legal' ? Normally it's impossible to climb aboard ships in the Int. waters. But: it seems the Ross Revence wasn't flying any flag. The ship wasn't registered since 1987. As a result she was not under the protection of a foreign country. And not to forget: there were Dutch citizens on the Ross. So for the Dutch authorities there were 2 important reasons making it possible to raid the Ross without getting too much problems. A third reason for the action must be the possible arrivals of two other radio projects. The action was also meant to scare the organisations behind the new projects Let's hope these new projects are flying flags, that's one of the first things to be done before sailing to the Int. waters. It's crystal clear Caroline must re-register the Ross Revenge as soon as possible. The costs aren't too high: less than \$ 1,000 a year. If Caroline was the only service aboard the Ross, there would have been no action. The latter seems to be a realistic thought. So it might be true Caroline isn't afraid more raids will follow the one taken on that black Saturday, August 19th 1989.

DUNDS FROM OFFSHORE

As already mentioned earlier, we were informed about the raid by more than one person, For objectivity reasons, it's fair to inform you the reader with both Stories. The first story was part of the day-by-day report. The second story has been compiled by Herbert Visser. Herbert used to work on the Ross as a Radio Monique deciny in part of 1986 and 1987. He still has very good contacts with some key-figures in the Caroline organisation. Currently he works on Radio ID as a newsreader. When the sad events took place Berbart was on duty and informed the Radio 10 listener's audience with updated hourly newsbulleting which were more detailed than the ones to be heard on the Dutch national radio-stations Radio 1, 2, 3 & 4. During the night after the raid (Saturday might) Berbert made contact with the Ross Revenue via Radio Scheveningen. Normally these contacts are not allowed but at the noment Herbert called to Scheveningen Radio, the Ross Revenge wasn't a broadcasting vessel anymore. That's the reason this was a legal contact ! Merhert also shoke with one of the Butch officials who were on board the Volume at the moment the road took place. Finally: he net Arie Swets two days after the raid and talked with him about the incident on that red ship in the middle of the Northsen

WHAT HAPPENED ON THE ROSS REVENGE ... A TRUE STORY WRITTEN BY HERBIE Friday-afternoon a Dutch construardboat came alongside the Ross. with on board 8 Dutch officials. This ship, called the Volume, was determined to put the stations on board the Ross off the air. Later on there were also hoots from the DTI (or 1 DTI ship) involved in this closing-down action for Caroline 55B. Anyway, there were 2 British DTI officers out there who were joining the Dutch ones. As Arie Swets was the only Dutch broadcastmember on board (there was a Dutch cook, but he didn't even know what was going on at the time) he, on fridayafternoon, negotiated with the Dutch officials about closing the stations down. They were apparently told that they got a week to think about closing the transmitters down, or otherwise they would tow the ship into a Datch barbour! This, of course, as a way of intimidation because everyone knows that such an action would be fully illigal. Any country is allowed to enter a stateless ship anywhere, but it's illeval to row such a boat into a harbour to impound it, unless it's a drugaship, The official reason, by the way, for the action is the interference World Mission Rasic caused on 6215 kHz, an international stand-by energeacy channel. Complaints about this have been made by Finland Sweden. Hungaria and Czechoslovakia, and because the officials were already there they also took off the rest of the equipment. While arie Swets spoke with the Dutch officials on the Volans Caroline 558 took over the programming on 819. The English tooks regularly broadcasted code-emergency calls and played code-records This is also the reason that Peter Chicago came out in the night from friday onto saturday. Until then the station had just jocks on board the Ross. Saturdaymorning till 10 O'clock the programmes continued just as normal as always. But around that time 819 closed down with "Ring ring" from Abba, which means "please contact us inmediately and send a tender". After the close down of Radio In te early afternoon the Dutch and British officials made clear that they were going to enter the ship if Peter Chicago, who

identified himself as the captain, couldn't hand over the

"FAS COES IX" THE MAGAZINE FOR FREE RADIO ENTHUSIASTS

official ships papers, in which things like the owner and the flag registration are written down. As these papers weren't on board (were they ever, by the way) Peter couldn't hand them over. So at about noon the first attempt was made to put the Dutch officials on board the Ross Revenge. Peter Chicago became really furnous about this and he officially prohibited anyone from the Volums to come on board, but the Dutch officials anxwered that they had the full right to to this as the boat was stoteless. So they made a second attempt and this time Peter Chicago began pushing them back, One officer threatened to full between the two shing as a result of the pushing from Chicago, and as you know, this could easily kill somebody. But Chicago kept on pushing this officer back, although he was right between the Ross and the Volume at that time. According to Arie Swets, who was alongside Peter to help him, this was a very dangerous situation for that particular officer. At a certain stage another Dutch one saw a chance to jump over and did that. The first thing he did was runming up to Peter to kick him on his head, After this first 'official action' the Dutch officer who was in between the boats could easily climb on the Ross Revenge, and also the other ones climbed on board. At around a quarter past moon all the Dutch officials were in the Messroom to discuss with the crew from the Ross what they were soins to do. Peter, however, didn'r west to seems with them in the first stage because he was still angry with them for the kick on his head he got from that officer. In the meantime Caroline remained on the air with a full report from minute to

names about what was peage on.

The crew hes these discussions with the Dutch ifficials in the
messroom and all the time a few Carolinepoids were running between
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Monris Moccase they are in Interactional Success at the time. Once again, unless attended to a foreignity, the Confidence of the Confidence of the Monris and the Monri and the Monris and the Monris and

Afterwards the raid took place in what could be called a friendly atmosphere. They've ripped off the transmitter_gear. All the bits and pieces which they could get out of the transmitters, they get out of that. From what remained un board it's impossible to build a new transmitter with. Sur they didn't damage

dream of this was going to happen.

« FAS LOES IX "THE MAGAZINE FOR FREE RADIO ENTHUSIASI

anything they didn't take off, says Arie Swets, Also, of course, they got away with the optimed and processors and other measure instruments. After they did the transmitter narr some of them climbed in the masts on board the Ross and got the serial wires down. The masts themselves remained standing up, so luckily they didn't let the masts fall. And finally they took away ALL and really ALL of the studio-equipment on board, including all the jingles, tapes and ... records. The whole recordcollection which used to be on board now lies in Scheveningen harbour. Currently, the boat is still at its anchorelace with the aerials still standing up and the generators still working, but without transmitters, records, antennavires and isolators and studios on

board. The Dutch authorities also recorded a complete video of their action and after all the stuff was on board the Volens, the Ross Revenge craw and the Dutch officials ast together in the measurosm on the Ross watching this wideo. They left at about 10 o'clock in the evening leaving the Ross Revenge behind without anything to transmit.... At that time Dave Asher came out on a boat with some press on it, who also heard about the action which had been taking place. The 2 Dutch creweenbers on the Rogs, Arie and that cook, decided to go off with the Volums, which arrived at about 7 o'clock Sundaymorning in Scheveningen. All the others, 8 Sritish crewmenbers including Peter Chicago, Nigel Harris and two women (Caroline Martin was also on board) decided to stay on the ship and it is believed that they're still there. Halcolm, by the way, says that the ship WAS registered (or IS) in Mevana in Cuba. I don't believe this actually, but if it's true he better had come forward a lit-

tle bit earlier with this. (Note: this report was compiled a few days after the raid. So it's quite logical some info isn't up-to-date saymers. Main coint was the report about the actual raid because a number of facts were mentioned which were not be read in the first report shout the raid. In this way we've sublished two different reports from two different people.)

CAROLINE 558 RETURNSIII

After the 19th of August raid some secople were optimistic while others were possimistic. Taking into account the developments in the past 18 months or so, it was justified to think Caroline would not return until the end of this year or even early 1990. Remember how long it took to erect two new serial masts (which were still not finished when the raid took place) and one must admit it could take a long, long time. But....wonders will never cease...! It was Vednesday September 27th when a blank carrier was to be heard on 558. Turning the receiver into a certain direction indicated this signal was coming from the Northsea. Saturday September 30th more tests were heard (perhaps also the previous (ays) and music was heard that same evening. A couple of announcements were heard and listeners were informed Caroline would officially return Sun October 1st at 06.00 BST/CET. It's impressing knowing the station could be back within 6 weeks after the raid. It's even more impressing when you take into account no studio-equipment. no records and no txs is working order were on the Ross! Sun Sept. 17th a 'Practical Display of Support' was being orgamised by the Caroline Movement, A lot of Caroline fans

came to London and several hundreds of record albums were callected and are now on the Ross Revence. It was important for Caroline to occupy the 558 frequency. Peter Chicago converted the SW unit (5 kW) back into a MV tx (which it was originally to for so we know the SM to woon't demand that such during the Amends rand. Two sources claimed that the output would become IOW In the weeks Caroline was off air the new antenna system was finightd. So one would assume, hearing in gird that the new system must be better than the old one and that the power would increase from approx. 3 to 10 kW. that a much improved signal could be exsected. The latter can't be said unfortunately. Signal-strength is certainly nor herrer. And the modulation level has dropped because no parished can be used. So all is all the current Caroline mound in less good in compare with August, Perhaps (and hopefully things will improve very soon! Only a small crew was on board the Ross when programming was reconmenced including Peter Chicago, Caroline Martin and Dave Asher, Even Peter Chicago ave heard presenting programmes on 558 (between 3-6 PM). In the meantime a few 'new' locks have joined the others: Nick Richards, Dave Richards. Plan is to air the Viewpoint pxs after the Carilne pxs, that means after 6 PM (for continental listeners after 7 PM; wintertime will be soon introduced in the UK). However, there's one problem: Radio Finland can now be heard with a much stronger signal on 558 kHz. This could hadly affect the Viewpoint signal, especially in the uncoming vinterperiod. Carolne must increase pover, othervise it

has no use to out the Viewpoint exa on the our. A rumour or not; already before the raid Caroline had ordered a new (or secod hand) medium wave tx is the USA. This tx is at least 20 by Future will rell whether this is true. One last thing which may not be forgotten; is Caroline officially registrated or; is the Rosa Revance flying a flow at this very moment????

Special thanks to Hans Knot and Heriest Visser, Without their help it had been impossible to compute the comprehensive offshore news secont. Concluse face attention ofsace! Mana Knot, editor of many offshore audio Gooks, has weitten a fantastic Curofine fook, Nore than 200 pages, in English, Iterato i 10,00 to sending at each or via an eurocheque to: P.O.Box 102, 9700 AC Geomingen, The Wetherl.



M.V. COMMUNICATOR

Ofcourse it was the MV Ross Revenge/Radio Caroline/Radio 819 attracting most attention in the past 8 weeks or so. In the mean time a lot of work has been carried out on the MV Communicator. Last issue we reported about the fact the ship had left its monrings heading for Portugal. As far as we know this happened already in July although one or two sources claimed the Communicator sailed to Portugal in August. We believe it was July. Anyway, the ship sailed to a port in Portugal's capital Lissabon, Major work had to be carried out on the ship to make it more seaworthy. And: the two serial masts had to be erected as well as the installation of technical equipment. The studios weren't ready and it is belieyed one or two new transmitters would be installed to complete the broadcasting equipment. There's talk of a 30 kW FM transmitter and a powerful short wave unit. The Wackers and initiators behind the Communicator project are determined to continue and aren't afraid because of the raid on the Ross Revenge. Interesting to know is that a Swiss consortium is involved in this promising new project. This consortium may have something to do with the religious programmes which should be aired via the new powerful short wave outlet.

M.V. NANNELL

The Nannell remains a complete mystery!! First the info that the ship left Santander (carly June). Then we heard about problems with the antenna tower at the moment the ship was in open seas. The vessel returned to the port of Santander, Repairs were carried out and then..... Here starts the mystery. The ship again left its berth and lost the (complete?) serial must somewhere off the French coast (nust be a weak/unprofessional construction). The ship dropped anchor off Blankenberge, a Belgian seaside resort. According to at least one insider the ship should be anchored some 25 miles off the Selgian coast. Could that be the reason we haven't got any reports from people having seen the ship ?? Wa heard from one of our reporters that he had received photos showing the Nannell and the new constructed aerial lying on the cusy while a part of the tower was already on the ship. To prove this person wasn't joking, we've decided to publish this photo. Important to know is the fact that, according to the aforementioned person, this photo shows another serial than the first original and collapsed) mast. Conclusion: the photo is taken after the first mast collapsed. The Nannell sailed to a harbour (which one is a complete systery) and work started to rect/construct a new mast. Right or wrong?? Perhaps one of our readers can help. Stuars in the UK took quite a number of photographs and must know whether the aerial in this issue is different from the one on his photos, Let us know Stuart!! The plan was to relay Cable One, the Dutch satellite radiostation, on medium wave 1404 kHz with a nower of 10 kW. In the Butch radiomagazine Freewave it was reported that (and this is quoted)'the captain of the Nannell had via the VHF band contact with people ashore' suggesting the ship is (was?) indeed lying in the International Waters of the Northsea. The latest reports about the Nammell aren't very optimistic. Hore about I that in the next issue! Also in the next edition some information about runours with

S.W. survey

In this month's short wave column we cover the nost innortant 'good old' short wave free radio land of the past 2 months. Speaking in general conditions haven't been to bad. Most of the time conditions were stable with good reception possibilities. In the course of the years a few trends have been developing within the short wave field. Remember the use of the lower frequencies in the 57 mb some two years ago. It never became a HABIT. Nowadays another new development has been setting in: evening broadcasts within (mainly) the 45mb range. Payourites are the Friday and Saturday evenings. It is really striking to notice how clear reception has been of a number of stations during the (late) evening. It seems obvious conditions are favourable in the evening. There's not much fading and bandnoise resulting in crystal clear reception. A few stations being heard are Radio Rein-

An important thing I want to point out as the help we need to complied this SO colome. We are locking for a copple of persons withperson with-colome to the colome of the colome of the colome of the SO thought parter and pieces they here in the programs are of the SO thought parter, and there's also a tax for 10 Operalog of the Colome of the col

bow Germany, Weekend Music Radio, Passion Radio, Voice of the

Netherlands, Radio confusion etc. Interesting for those who hate

to watch TV. Give it a try on your world or communications recei-

And now the news which isn't as un-to-date as usual....

BRITAIN RADIO INTERNATIONAL currently is one of Britain's BEST and most up-to-date stations. A few exciting things happened in July when Bill was intending to put out its fixed second Sunday Solid Gold formet (July 9th). A man was in the neighbourhood of the tx location. The BEL 'roadies' didn't want to take the risk of taking the broadcast equipment out of the cer, so they waited and as a result the 2nd Sun format was heard a week later. Sun July 15th. A very brief. I hour broadcast was out on the air on the 23rd instead of a full schedule which normally is aired every 4th Sun. Sun July 30th 821 was heard on 6316 which is a rather unusual fraquency knowing their fixed frequency is 6230 kHz. On Sunday Assurer 13th BRI presented as part of its Solid Gold Sunday a special MDA programme. Interesting! Sunday August 20th, a day after the raid on the Ross. RELy as on the air with an unacheduled extra Roser Davis programme informing the listeners about the end eyears the day before. The transmission included the final 15 minutes of Radio Caroline 558, Well done BRI, A week later during the regular 4th Sunday tre a lot of attention was paid to the raid. September 10th and 24th BRI was heard with its usual format. Signal wise it can be pointed out that signal quality on the continent is more than satisfactory. A fairly strong gignal (bearing in gind the relative vely low tx power) and a high levelled modulation. And once scale: the BRI are are more than worth while listenian to

"FAS LOES DX" THE MACAZINE FOR FREE RADIO ENTHUSIAST

Friday evening August 4th BRI introduced the 'BRI Night Time Service'. Whether this will be repeated in the near future is unknown. An extra Bank Holiday transmission took place Monday August 28th (on 6230 like all mentioned trns). Addresses: (4) & 32 Victoria Rd. Salisbury. Wiltshare in the UK

- RADIO ATLANTIS SW made an unexpected trm on Sun August 6th on a frequency of 6201 kHz. A power of 100V was claused and at least on the continent a strong signal was to be heard. By the way: looking in our logbook we discovered it was Atlantis' second 1989 transmission following an earlier one in January. For about 30 sinutes a telephone number was given out. Two addresses were sentioned in the pxs: (2) & P.O.Box 37, Ashton under Lyze, Manchester in the uK. Atlantis will possibly be back in December with a special I-Mas broadcast.
- * RADIO CONFUSION was heard Sunday Sat August 26th on 6310 as well as Sun Sentember 3rd on 6307, Back in May Confusion carried out a night time broadcast which resulted in approx. 7 letters. Interesting to note was another late night broadcast on Sat Sept. 2nd on 6290 kHz. Signal-strength on the continent was poor/fai: but in the UK a strong signal was noted. As an utility station went on top of Confusion, a frequency change to 6303 kHz was nade. Radio Confusion uses a 15% tx fed into an inverted V serial. Address: 32 Victoria Rd. Salisbury, Wiltshire in the UK.
- * We mentioned BRI as one of the most regular English stations. One musn't forget there's another regular one and that is ofcourse RADIO EAST COAST COMMERCIAL, ECC has a special place when looking at the British SW stations. It's a station always putting out a good sound (programme wise but also technically). Most of the time crystal clear signals are received on 6815 kHz. During the last Sun of August ECC wasn't heard, an exception when looking at the staion's regularity! Earlier (July) problems with the two (RF getting back into the equipment) have been solved. As from August 6th onwards at was announced that the additional 26 MB tx was in operation again on 11515 kHz. Sun August 13the special MOA special was broadcasted. Some exclusive Laser tapes were heard as well. Although during the south of August 11515 was continuously mentioned no one seemed to receive it. Late Sentember however ECC was heard with an exceptional strong signal on 11515 kHz in The Netherlands (eastern part). So 11515 is no fake, only; reception largely depends on the conditional Keep an eye on the first Sunday of every nonth when the popular DX-Show is featured. Address: (3).
- A station which is underestimated is RADIO 48. It's a solid station with a perfect signal and well-presented programmes. Sun July 30th Radio 48 was to be heard on 6280 (more or less the station's fixed frequency) with an excellent signal-quality! It seems the station has been introducing a new slogen 'Quality Rock for Europe'. One of the station's presenters is 'good old' Mark Stafford who presented a 2 hour show with great music and interesting news items from the world of wireless. Interesting were the Radio London extracts and the item about the raid on Radio Lager short wave. The attaion has an info-bulletin, so why not drop the station a line, Radio 48 deserves it!

One last remark about Radio 4B: as many of the British stations (see earlier issues of 'FRS Goes DX'') Madio 48 suffered from a lack of response from British SW enthusiasts. 10 letters was the result for the July 30th broadcast. Not real good with remember the broadcast was carried out in the middle of the holiday period, so all in all not bad. The May broadcast resulted in only 2 letters. A shame '! Radio 48 aims at a bi-monthly

* It seems there are plans to start a kind of super-station in the (near) future. The sation will feature a number of well known SW broadcasters. Key-figure in this promising project is Andy Walker of WESL fame who invited Forer Bayls. Perer Moss and a may called Verbruggen to join him on the new station. Possibly a few others will join as well. Special ringles for this new station will be recorded (are perhaps already recorded ?!). At this stage it can' be said when the station makes its debuts. Perhaps November or De-

We read about remours that MADIO RASTAFARI might return to the airwaves. It was a well-known station blasting out reggae music in the late 70's/early 80's. Rostafori made use of the relayfacilities of Radio delmare as well as vis its own outlet. It is a Dutch station and according to RT the address still is P.O.Box 162, 6630 AD Bennel in The Netherlands, Where have all the good times gone I don't know BROTHER!

ceaber or early 1990. No address is known.

* A new West-German station is HOUSE MUSIC RADIO. The debute broadcast took place on Sat might August 12th on 6314 via the facilities of Radio Rainbow Germany, Signal-strength in Western Europe was fair/good. Relays via Radio Waves are also planned. September 2nd (Sat sight) and Sept. 3rd House Husic Radio was soain heard via Rainbow's tx on 6314 with a fair/good signal. Addresses are P.O.Box 202, D-6440 Bebra in W-Germany and P.O.Box 1243, 6685 Schiffweiler, W-Germany. The latter address is also used by SWR.

* In September we got a letter from the station OP of RADIO INDICO informing us that the station will return (after a long absence) in October on 7310 kHz via a relay. The station possesses an own tx and this one will be operational during the November/December period. Power will be 30% (approx.), Address: (4),

* One of the most active nighttime broadcasters is RADIO RAINBOW GERMANY. The station prefers to broadcast around or on 6314 and most of the time a fair/good signal is to be heard. Here's a list

of dates when the station was noted on short wave:

- Friday August 18th 6314 (fair signal) August 26th 6314 (fair/good) - Sat Sept 2nd 6314 (faar)
- Sun Sept 3rd 6314 (fair/good). - Sat Sept 9th 6314 (fair/good).

- Sat August 12th

6314 (good). Sunday September 3rd RRG celebrated its 4th Birthday, Congratulations! September 9th the station tested to the USA. In the sean time the station has new promo material available including infousheets, stackers and nemants, A new set of colecards wall be introduced in the near future. Not had at all.

STO. DETOS

- Sat September 23rd was Slack Saturday for RRG. One of the two was stolen during a mobile broadcast on 7366. This trm was carried out on Sat night at 22.00 UTC. The next day the tx was lost! Very annoying! Apart from the tx.an auto reverse tape deck was stolen plus the aerial. It seems RRG now has two addressess: P.O.Boxx65027, 3002 DA Rooterdan and the new one which is P.O.Box 6105, D-5190 Stolbers in M-Germany,
- A station which seems to be a mystery in the world of short wave is RADIO MIRAGE, Although the station announces a Norwegian address we feel (and we are not the only open...) that the station's signal is eminating from somewhere in Western Europe. Could be England for instance. At the end of July /early August Mirage was very active and could be received on various frequencies. July 23rd the station was broadcasting on 6280, 7290 and 11485 kHz. Two wasks later, August 6th, Mirage was on 6280 and 7285, Signals were not particularly impressing. Sat August 12th 6235 was being used. This was a nightring trm with a loop tage providing fair reception in the UK. After this nightly test the spirit wasn't gone as on Sunday August 13th a handful of X-tals was being used to put the tx on various frequencies on the air: 6280, 7285, 7310 & 7361 kHz. Sun August 27th 7291 was being used with fair/good sigmal-strength. The address to write to is:P.O.Box 2778, Elverhov. 9001 Trouse in Norway.
- * From Norway southwards to 'somewhere in the East of The Netherlands' were RADIO EAST COAST HOLLAND's transmissions are coming from. In the past few months the station hasn't been as active as earlier this year although still a faw broadcasts were put on the air. After using 7360 the staion OP decided this was not the most ideal choice and thus he switched to the 7280/7290 area in the 41 mb. As for as we know he still is discontent, so perhaps RECH returns to the 48 mb or another suitable channel in the 41 mb has to be found. July 22nd a 7290 test was carried out resulting in very good reception. A brief trm was heard on 6240 (so a return to the 48 mb) with an excellent signal on the contiment. RECH may recommence more or less regular trms within a few

weeks, Address: P.O.Sox 536, 7900 AM Hoogeveen in The Netherlands

* The VOICE OF THE NETHERLANDS has been rather active in the past nonths. July 23rd a test was carried out on 7490 kHz (very atrone signal), July 30th a joined trn with Radio Charlene took place on 7490 kHz. August 19th a nighttransmission was to be heard on 6236 (estlier that evening 6312 was used as well). A perfect signal was heard in Scandinavia apart from the usual solid recention on the continent. The OP rebuilt the tx and power was (has been) ingreezed to no less than AGON ! This power combined with an bloblevelled modulation makes the signal of the VOTN one of the best currently to be heard on the SW bands (as far as free radio stations are concerned..). Finally we mention Sunday October 1st when VOTM was active on the almost familiar 7490 frequency. The address is P.O.Box 669, 7900 AR Hoogeveen.

Although a come-back was expected to take place in one of the Summer months, RADIO APOLLO hasn't returned on SW so far, It seems Dave Scott is the only one who's left following the departure of two Apollo deepays a while ago, Address: (3)

* One of Germany's wore popular stations is the PIRATE FREAKS BROADCASTING SERVICE. After a long absence the station has returned on SW. Friday evening August 4th a test was carried out on 6235 kHz (fair). Exactly 7 days later another test was carried out with a strong signal heard in the UK as well as on the continent. Assure 18th another test was heard on 6235 with agian good signal-strength, August 19th brought, just like the aforementioned dates, a mighttime test on 6235 kHz. The story contiques in September with more nighttine transmissions Sept. 1st (6235) and Sent. 2nd (6233). During the latter live-transmission with a 50% to the name Passion Radio was used although it was quite obvious the trm was coming from PFSS. By the way: signalquality was superb that evening. Passion Radio was also heard Sept. 23rd on 6230 & 6280 kHz. During this transmission people were invited to call the station. As a result 13 people took the opportunity to call the station. During the tra some technical problems occured and the 50W tx had to be replaced by a 15w outlet. PFBS has changed its address (was Dedemawaart) and can now

be contacted via (4). The same sidress spoiles to Passion Radio. WEEKEND MUSIC_RADIO from Scotland was heard on many different oc-

casions and at the same time on a handful of frequencies: - July 15/16th (overnight) 6317 kHz (test)/ 6295 kHz

- Jely 22/23rd (overnight) 15044 kHz - August 5th (evening)

- August 11th (oversight) - August 12th (overnight)

- August 19th (oversight)

- August 20th - August 20th - August 27th

- Sentémber 8th (overnight) 6310 kHz (atrons on continent) - September 9th (overmight) 6235kHz//6309 kHz

6310 kHz (strong on continent) 6235 kHz/ 6298 kHz (6235 strong!) 6210 kHz (strong in UK/week on cont. 6235 kHz (strong in UK) 6240/ 6313 kHz.

6310 kHz (weak on continent).

All is all as impressive lociati Fact is that recention of WMR during evening and overnight is superior to daytime recention on the continent. The Sat night trm on the 19th of August had to do with the Caroline roid earlier that day. Also the next day a lot of attention was paid to the sensational and sad hangenings that weekend. A phone interview with Paul Graham was sired. It seems that several times WHR has been broadcasting on 10043 kHz as well (not mentioned on the list above) with the emphasis on the night ly hours. Especially is the UK reception on 15043 is very difficult due to the propagation pattern. Main reason for broadcasting in the 19 mb is to reach the other side of the Atlantic, WMR was the first station informing US listeners about Caroline's raid. Apper from the USA the station also received resorts from as far away as New Zeolond and australia. A very interesting and lengthy info-sheet is available via 42 Arran Close, Cambridge, the UK

* ATFR, currently New Zealand's only SW free radio station, can also be heard via Jolly Roger Radio in Treland, JRR is most of the time active on 6229 kHz. The address of 4IFR reads as follows: BP 130, 92504 Ruell Cedex, France and P.O.Box 1280, Rednall, Byreymeham 845 ASC in England, Also BWI relays 41FR on a more or less regular basis.

* hand division to the second of the second

- *Tailing about come-backs: <u>US_PADDO</u> from The Methwrlands popped up no 7312 MHz August 27th. One Wit send to present "MET Goos DY" but due to the raid on the base Revenge he because Like. Date to his collar for verse the methics and found a far. This is a mane transmitter" Tome housed and basically that's the story of a mare transmitter. To abouted and basically that's the story of the story
- * RADIO CEMINI, still active on SW, was logged July 23rd with an early morning broadcast between 05.00-06.00. Later on that day Cemini was also to be heard at a more suitable time slot (after 10.00 GWT). Frequency for both trms was 6230 kHz; reception on the continent was poor.
- * WONDERFUL FREE RADIO LONDON made a number of scheduled trms over the past 2 months. Apart from the 1st and 2nd Sunday trms a few unscheduled trms took place. Set July 22nd a test was carried out on 6275 kHz. A second extra trm was out on the sir Sun August 20 as a result of Caroline's raid on the 19th, Although a lot of effort was out note this by, the actual recention quality left much to be desired. Sad but true. Sun August 6th two other stations were very close to WFRL: TNR FM/NISWRS plus Radio Southses Int. It's clear reception of WFRL was badly affected because of the 2 other stations. Everyone must know that WFRL is already for quite a while on 6275 every 1st & 2nd Sun. So station OP's have to take into account not occupying a frequency which is too close to 6275. It's more or less an unwritten law that once you know a station uses repurlarly a fixed frequency, you keep your 'fingers' from that frequency and also from frequencies very close to that freq. August 13th a 'MOA Special' was broadcasted, very interesting The two trms in September (3rd & 10th) were heard in poor quality on the continent. A pity because the WFRL programming is more than worth while to listen to. October 8th a much better signal was received on the continent. The WFRL 'World Service' still isn't re-activated. Perhaps in the near future?? Address: (3).
- * 8ADIO TITANIC IST. from N-Germany celebrated its lith (!!) anniversary Sus August 20th on 6240. It might have been an UK relay as the signal in the UK was stronger in compare with the continent. A week before, Titching was also beard on 6240 Lim. After the continent of the co

s.w. news-

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- For the rest of 1990 RTI can be contacted via (1). As from 1990 onwards a new address will be introduced: (4).
- Bo you remember the raid on <u>RADIO BATIDA</u> earlier this year?
 Station-OP Mike F. had to pay DM 150, which isn't too much in compare with fames in The Natherlands?
- *After core than 6 method of mixed, \$100 MEY ALBOY (rem W-German mide a come-sheet, Than happend 6 she Ampet 250 to 10.55 Meg. A mode a come-sheet, Than happend 6 she Ampet 250 to 10.55 Meg. A mode of the Ampet 250 to 10.55 Meg. A mode of the Ampet 250 Meg. A mode of the Ampet 250 Meg. Ampe
- RADIO FREEDOM from Scotland tested on 6205 kHz Sept. 3rd as well as on a few other occasions, Signal-arreagth on the continent was poor although reception was clear. Address: Dept. R., 67 Els Row, Edinburgh, EH7 4AQ in England.
- * RADIO WARMSIM' was to be heard on the rather ususual 7410 spot Sun Sept. 3rd. A very good signal was noticed coming from posmibly a strong Dutch relay. 7410 is often occupied by the so called 'Spy number stations' and that's the remson it's not very often used by European hobby pirates. Address; (2).
- * Another W-German station which can be heard so now and then is <u>RADIO UNITERSON</u>. This stotion was heard on 7430 with a good sigmal Sun Sept. 3rd, Prs an Gerean and English were put on the air and it must be said the Universum pxs aren't bad at all! The orderness is (2).
- * News from two other W-German projects: <u>RADIO MANDARINE</u> will possibly have its debute orm sround L.Mss this year. The station will be relayed via MMI and/or Jolly Roger Radio, Address: (4). <u>SYAR CLUB RADIO</u> is hoping to have relaye via Radio California and will have its own ix ready next Summer. Address: (2).
- <u>RADIO CALDONIA</u> from The Netherlands has planned a nighttime train October (on 48 metres). As the station staff have lost interest in SV this could be the final tra, at least for the time being. But what is missed from a station which hasn't been hear for sen'? Address: P.O. Box 65027, 3002 DR footbreds in The Neeth
- *Some news from Italy: the ITALIAN RADIO RELAY SERVICE has altered at Frequency and can now be hearf on 9865 lNs. The station transmiss with 18 44 each 500 cm of 18 cm of 18

*LED'S DO IT!!!!". With this shout Charlie Wolfe "opened" atlantic 252 on Friday September 1st 1989. A good reason for us to look at the latest developments regarding this station. Already in our May-issue on extensive article about A 252 was

published. Now we will focus on the happenings during the un-forgettable Summer of 1989. After the last work was carried out to the antenna tower and the entenna tuning unit test-transmiscions could start on Tuesday August 1st. From that day on regular test-tones could be heard, A 600 kHz tone was produced on 254 kHz. (From January 1990 onwards A252 will be transmitting on the announced frequency of 252 kHz). The power used for these first tests was only 50 KW. Nevertheless reception on the continent (Holland) was quite satisfactory. Pupose is to increase power to 600 KW by linking the two 300 KW transmitters (Continental Electronics)

together, A 252 will also have a very clear signal by using a ORBAN Optimod AM system. During the first two weeks of testing power became 100 KW. We believe power at this moment is still on this level. Due to the increased power the station has been raceived in countries

like West-Germany, France and Sweden. Monday August 14th saw the first musical tests. A selection of some 10 records was played regurlarly, accompanied with some (taned) messages, One of the voices heard belonged to John Catlett former Laser 558 manager, now A 252 program-director. Another familiar voice was heard some days later: Charlie Wolfe. Rumours which were circulating for some weeks appeared to be true; the star of Laser 558 would join A 252. However: rumours about the return to the European airweves were false, we soon would learn. Between the records listeners were invited to contact the station with phonecalls or receptionreprts by letter. Also people living near the transmitter-site were invited to call in case of interference problems caused by the A 252 transmitters. Clearly this was done to gain some goodwill amongst the residents of the County Meath in Ireland. There had been strong oposition against the coming of the station to their location. Right from the beginning when it became clear that Radio Tara (the workname of the station) would erect a 250 metres mast near the Summerhill village, residents have tried to stop the operation. They had (and also have!) a wide range of objections against the situation of the transmitters and mest, varying from health fears, visual and environmental disruptions to problems regarding the building and selling of houses and traffic problems. However, all these objections were overruled. One resident however has gone to the High Court to get mis right. This case will take a very long time.

In the meantime towards the end of August announcements were made that the station would start Friday September 1st at 8,00h local time (9 b'clock on the continent). When the Big Moment arrived we heard a voice counting down from 20 till 15, then there was silence for a quarter of a minute. Then a lot of people presented themselves to the listener. Among others we heard Faul Kavanagh (ex-Sunshine, bend of music), Travis Bexter (station manager, ex-BBC), Andrew Furner (Laser, BBC, Blue Dynube), Maryellen C'brien, Dave Atkey (pro-Frs Feature

motions coordinator, ex 380 Cne), Henry Cwens,

Al Dunne (C 102 and Caroline's Dave Andrews), Dusty Rhode Tony West (Chiltern Radio, Gary King (Radio Radio), Jeff Graham (Luxenbourg). During the first weeks of transmission a lot of reception re-

ports were coming in at PO Box 252 in London. Every correct report is confirmed by a CSL. Remarkable however is the fact this QSL doesn't mention date and time of reception. Reactions aren't all just positive. Many remarks are made regarding the stations format. Comparision with the early days of Laser 558 is very remarkable. The variety of music is rather limited. A lot of popular dance music is played, Stock Aitken and Waterman and "things" like that. Some records are played very often, every seven quarters some records are rotating. As a result you hear records like the latest of Tears for Pears and Madonna that often that even the biggest fan gets bored with these songs in the end. We got the impressin the management is awars of this fact. because at this moment listeners are invited to send in their musical preference. This "message" is sired several times a day. So it's clear we may expect some changes in the format in the near future. People ask especially for more oldies from the Sixtise and Seventies. The older part of the A 252 targetgroup (which consists of people between 15 and 35 years old) ign't only interested in the music from the second part of the

Most exiting hours on the station are from 17 till 20 o'clock (continental time). Then the Seawalf is doing "his own thing". Of course menagement of A 252 was very pleased when they contracted CW, but also a little bit scared. Charlie hasn't the reputation to be very humble towards institutions like the BBC (especially BBC One) and some of it's peopls. Therefore some limitations were agreed with him: no "attacks towards other stations, no breaks longer than 90 seconds and no comments regarding internal problems. Luckily, right from the first day Charlie made shows which did us remember the "good old days" of 1984 and 1985. His cynical remarks about the Beep and some deejays were good as ever. To give you one example: "Archbisshop Ramsey following the Pope is just like me following the rules of the program-director or a Radio One deejay keeping

his mouth shout and playing music". We hope the management

will give him the opportunity to continue this way!

In the meantime output-power is still limited to 100 KW, because not all interference problems are solved. When full power is used finally A 252 hopes to reach 42 millions of people on a weekly basis in Ireland, Scotland, Wales and England. British IBAstations fear severe competition, resulting in loss of income from advertisments. A 252 plans to get £ 5,000,000 from commercials during the first year of operation, finally resulting in £ 25,000,000 in years to come. A contract with the Radio Advertising Bureau in New York has been signed. This office is going to sell airtime for convercials. It is the convercial agent for 3.500 (!) different stations in the States. It's the biggest in its kind in the whole world! Maybe now you can understand the fears of the domestic stations in Great Britten a

little bit more ...